DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Labor Laws

PERSONS NOT ENTITLED TO OVERTIME PAY UNDER DISTRICT LAW MAY BE ENTITLED

For more information, call the U.S. Department of Labor, Wage-Hour Division, or visit dol.gov/whd.

Employers must pay the cost of purchase, maintenance, and cleaning of uniforms and protective clothing

required by the employer or by law, or employers must pay the employee 15 cents per hour in addition to

the minimum wage (maximum required is \$6.00 per week) for washable uniforms. Such payment of 15

employee maintains washable uniforms, the additional payment required is 10 cents per hour. When the

employer cleans and maintains uniforms that the employee purchases, the additional payment required is

Employers may deduct \$2.12 for each meal made available. For four (4) hours or less of work, a maximum

of one (1) meal deduction is allowed. For more then four (4) hours of work, a maximum of two (2) meal

deductions is allowed. For employees who live on the employer's premises, no more than \$6.36 per day

An employee who is required to stay at the employer's premises while on call is working. An employee

worksite, or who is allowed to leave a message where he/she can be reached, is usually not working while

Additional wages are due to employees for split shifts, travel expenses, and tools. Other deductions may be

No employer shall make any deductions, except those specifically authorized by law or court order,

which would bring the wages below those required by the Act. An itemized wage statement showing all

Every employer shall make and keep for at least three (3) years accurate time and payroll records for each

Employers must pay a service rate per hour to tipped employees. If an employee's hourly tips (averaged

FOR A COMPLETE TEXT OF EACH LAW OR TO FILE A COMPLAINT CONTACT:

DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

Office of Wage-Hour

4058 MINNESOTA AVENUE, N.E.

Washington, D.C. 20019

(202) 671-1880 does.dc.gov

weekly) added to the service rate do not equal the minimum wage for non-tipped employees, the

who is required to remain in a specified geographic area, such as at home or within a 2-hour drive of the

cents per hour shall not apply in the case of protective clothing. When the employer purchases and the

GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MURIEL BOWSER, MAYOR

UNDER FEDERAL LAW

UNIFORMS

8 cents per hour.

can be deducted.

OTHER PROVISIONS

TIPPED EMPLOYEES

taken for housing provided by the employer.

deductions must be provided with each paycheck.

employee, in addition to other detailed records required by the Act.

employer must pay the difference. (See the minimum wage rates on page one.)

ADDITIONAL LAWS ADMINISTERED BY THE OFFICE OF WAGE-HOUR

All labor laws enforced within the District of Columbia can be found on does.dc.gov.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MINIMUM WAGE POSTER

THIS SUMMARY MUST REMAIN IN A VISIBLE LOCATION WHERE EMPLOYEES MAY READ

MINIMUM WAGE RATES

EMPLOYEES WHO DO NOT RECEIVE TIPS	EMPLOYEES WHO RECEIVE TIPS
\$16.10 per hour beginning July 1, 2022	\$5.35 per hour beginning July 1, 2022
\$17.00 per hour beginning July 1, 2023	\$6.00 per hour beginning May 1, 2023 \$8.00 per hour beginning July 1, 2023
\$17.50 per hour beginning July 1, 2024	\$10.00 per hour beginning July 1, 2024
\$17.95 per hour beginning July 1, 2025	\$12.00 per hour beginning July 1, 2025

The minimum wage increases each year in proportion to the Consumer Price Index for both employees who do not receive tips and for employees who do receive tips.

MINIMUM WAGE EXCEPTIONS

The minimum wage provision does not apply in instances where other laws or regulations establish ninimum wage rates for the following

Handicapped workers may be paid less only when the employer has received an authorizing certificate from the U.S. Department of Labor.

- Persons employed under provisions of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act shall be paid

 ON-CALL TIME pursuant to that Act. Persons employed under provisions of the Youth Employment Act shall be paid pursuant to that
- Persons employed under provisions of the Older Americans Act shall be paid pursuant to that Act. Students employed by institutions of higher education may be paid the minimum wage
- established by the United States government. The minimum wage provision does not apply to persons:
- (a) employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, professional, computer, or outside sales **DEDUCTIONS**
- (b) engaged in the delivery of newspapers to the homes of the consumers.

Employees must be paid at least 1 1/2 times the regular rate of pay for all hours worked over 40 hours in a RECORDS

OVERTIME EXCEPTIONS The overtime provision does not apply to persons employed:

In a bona fide executive, administrative, professional, computer, or outside sales capacity.

- As a seaman, railroad worker, or newspaper carrier.
- By an air carrier employee who voluntarily exchanges workdays with another employee for the primary purpose of utilizing air travel benefits available to these employees.
- As a salesperson, parts salesperson, or mechanic primarily engaged in selling or servicing automobiles, trailers, or trucks if employed by a non-manufacturing establishment primarily engaged in the business of selling these vehicles to final purchasers.
- **NOTES:** The Car Wash Employee Overtime Amendment Act of 2012, effective May 31, 2012, removed the overtime exception for employees of a car wash. Car wash employees are entitled to overtime for all hours worked over a forty-hour workweek. The United States Department of Labor's Home Care Rule, effective November 12, 2015, is applicable to
- direct care workers employed by agencies and other third-party employers. Direct care workers are workers who provide home care services, such as certified nursing assistants, home health aides, personal care des, caregivers, and companion







DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

NOTICE: This state has its own minimum wage law. Employers are also required to display the federal Employee Rights Under the Fair Labor Standards Act posting, which indicates the federal minimum wage. Where federal and state rates both apply to an employee, the U.S. Department of Labor dictates that the employee is entitled to the higher minimum wage rate.

THIS NOTICE IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY.

Wage Transparency

mployee in exchange for the employee's services to the employe (1A) "Employee" means an individual employed by an employer.

the term "employer" does not include the:

§ 32–1452. Prohibited actions of employer.

cussing the employees compensation or the compensation of another employee

(2) Discharge, discipline, interfere with, negatively affect the terms and conditions of employment, or otherwise retaliate against an employee who inquires about, discloses, compares, or otherwise discusses the employee's compensation or the compensation of another employee or is believed by the employer to have done so:

or proceeding, related to a violation of this chapter; l) Screen prospective employees based on their wage history, including by requiring that a prospective employee's wage history itisfy minimum or maximum criteria or by requesting or requiring as a condition of being interviewed or as a condition of continuing

to be considered for an offer of employment that a prospective employee disclose the prospective employee's wage history; or (5) Seek the wage history of a prospective employee from a person who previously employed the individual.

(a) An employer may prohibit an employee with regular access to information regarding the compensation of other employees in the course of the employees work, such as a human resources employee, from sharing such information, unless the disclosure is

furtherance of or response to an investigation, action, or hearing, or there is a legal obligation for the employer to furnish the (b) Nothing in this chapter shall require:

) Provide the minimum and maximum projected salary or hourly pay in all job listings and position descriptions advertised. In

(1) An employer to disclose the compensation of an employee in response to an inquiry by another employee; or

(2) An employee to disclose his or her compensation in response to an inquiry by another employee. § 32–1453.01. Employer disclosures. (a) An employer shall

transfer opportunity;

or hourly pay that the employer in good faith believes at the time of the posting it would pay for the advertised job, promotion, or (1) "Compensation" means all forms of monetary and nonmonetary benefits an employer provides or promises to provide ar

(2) Disclose to prospective employees the existence of healthcare benefits that employees may receive before the first interview. (b) Should an employer not provide disclosures required pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, a prospective employee may inquire about such disclosures. § 32–1453.02. Notice.

> conspicuous place in at least one location where employees congregate. § 32–1454. Provisions of law may not be waived No provision of this chapter shall in any way be contravened or set aside by private agreement.

§ 32–1455. Enforcement.

(a) If an employer fails to comply with the provisions of this chapter, the Mayor shall assess a civil fine of \$1,000 for the first violation, \$5,000 for the second violation, and \$20,000 for each subsequent violation (b) Adjudication for a violation of this chapter, in accordance with subsection (a) of this section, shall be pursuant to Chapter 18 of Title 2 [§ 2-1801.01 et seg.].

(b-1)(1) The Attorney General shall have the power to investigate whether violations of this chapter have occurred, to administer oaths and examine witnesses under oath, to issue subpoenas, to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, books, accounts, records, payrolls, documents, and testimony, and to take depositions and affidavits in connection with any such

(2) The Attorney General, acting in the public interest, including the need to deter future violations, may bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction against an employer or other person violating this chapter for restitution or for injunctive, compensatory, or other authorized relief for any individual or for the public at large. Upon prevailing in court, the Attorney General shall be entitled to (A) Reasonable attorneys' fees and costs: and

(c) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to create a private right of action. § 32-1456. Rules.

The Mayor, pursuant to subchapter I of Chapter 5 of Title 2 [§ 2-501 et seq.], may issue rules to implement the provisions of this § 32-1457. Applicability.

This chapter shall not apply to an employment contract entered into before March 11, 2015; provided, that upon renewal of such a ating the minimum and maximum salary or hourly pay for the position, the range shall extend from the lowest to the highest salary contract, this chapter shall apply.

Department Of Employment Services

NARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any

NOTICE OF COMPLIANCE

aterially related to a claim was provided by the applican

TO EMPLOYEES You are required by law to report promptly to your employer and the Office of Workers' Compensation an occupational injury or disease, even if you deem it to be minor. Form No. 7 DCWC. Notice of Accidental Injury or Occupational Disease, to be obtained from the employer or the Office of Workers' Compensation, must be used for that purpose. After you have completed and signed the form, mail it to the Office of Workers' Compensation at the above address, and to

other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information

You are entitled, if required, to the services of a physician or hospital of your choice and lost wages. Call (202) 671-1000 or visit http://does.dc.gov for information. You may not sue your employer as a result of a work-related injury or disease by reason of your exclusive remedy under the Workers' Compensation Law.

In order to preserve your right to benefits under the DC Workers' Compensation Law, you must file a written claim on Form

No. 7A DCWC, Employee's Claim Application, within one (1) year after your injury, or within one (1) year after the last If you need information regarding your rights and obligations prescribed by law, you may call your employer first. If you require further information, you may call the Office of Workers' Compensation at (202) 671–1000 or visit http://does.dc.gov NAME OF EMPLOYER The law gives you the right to legal representation if you so choose.

TO EMPLOYERS

You are required to have Workers' Compensation insurance coverage if you have one (1) or more employees. You are required to display this poster at each worksite so that it will be of the greatest possible benefit to your employees You must file an Employer's First Report of Injury or Occupational Disease, Form No. 8 DCWC, with the Office of Workers'

possible, but no later than ten (10) working days after the date of knowledge thereof. Your employee must file Form No. 7 DCWC, Employee's Notice of Accidental Injury or Occupational Disease, Please provide your employee with Form No. 7 DCWC and direct them to complete it and return it to you and the Office of Workers

Compensation, send a copy to the nearest claim office of your insurer, for all occupational injuries or disease, as soon as

rights and obligations by certified mail, return receipt requested. You are required to report to the Office of Workers' Compensation, and your insurer, any disability of more than three (3) days which was not previously reported, as soon as possible, but no later than ten (10) working days after the date of knowledge thereof. You are required to furnish, or cause to be furnished, reasonable medical and hospital services, other remedial care or

NOTICE: Violation of the various provisions of the Workers' Compensation law provides for civil penalties. he undersigned employeer hereby gives notice of compliance with all provisions of the Workers' Compensation Law and NAME OF INSURANCE COMPANY

EMPLOYER ID NUMBER (IF NUMBER UNKNOWN, EMPLOYER TO REQUEST FROM IRS)

THIS NOTICE IS TO BE POSTED CONSPICUOUSLY IN AND ABOUT THE EMPLOYER'S PLACE(S) OF BUSINESS

FORM NO. 1 DCWC

Sick and Safe Leave

Department of Employment Services, Office of Wage-Hour Accrued Sick and Safe Leave Act of 2008

OFFICIAL NOTICE (Post Where Employees Can Easily Read)

This poster includes provisions of the Earned Sick and Safe Leave Amendment Act of 2013, effective February 22, 2014) REQUIRES EMPLOYERS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA TO PROVIDE PAID LEAVE TO EMPLOYEES FOR THEIR OWN OR FAMILY MEMBERS' ILLNESSES OR MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS AND FOR ABSENCES ASSOCIATED WITH DOMESTIC VIOLENCE OR SEXUAL ABUSE.

MPLOYERS REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH THE ACT Pursuant to the Accrued Sick and Safe Leave Act of 2008, all employers in the District of Columbia must provide paid leave to each employee, including employees of restaurants, bars, temporary, staffing firms ind part-time emplovees. ACCRUAL START DATE

Paid leave accrues at the beginning of employment, provided that the accrual need not commence prior to November 13, 2008 and provided that an employer need not allow accrual of paid leave for tipped estaurant or bar employees prior to February 22, 2014. Paid leave accrues on an employer's established pay period

ACCESSING PAID LEAVE

DCFMLA

ment under the Paid Family Leave Act

Vork Leave for Family or Medical Purposes:

employee unable to work.

Indated: May 17, 2024

pdated: May 17, 202

An employee must be allowed to use paid leave no later than after 90 days of service with the employer. An employee may use leave on short notice if the reason for leave is unforeseeable. NUMBER OF HOURS ACCRUED

Accrual of paid leave is determined by the type of business, the number of employees an employer has, ind the number of hours an employee works. For tipped employees of restaurants or bars, regardless of the number of employees the employer has, each tipped employee must accrue at least one (1) hour per 43 nours worked, up to five (5) days per calendar year and be paid at the full District of Columbia's Minimum Nage. For all other employers, use the following chart:

Employees accrue at least... Not to Exceed... 1 hour per 37 hours worked 7 days per calendar year 100 or more employees 1 hour per 43 hours worked 5 days per calendar year Less than 25 employees 1 hour per 87 hours worked

he District of Columbia Family and Medical Leave Act (DCFMLA) requires employers with 20 or more employees to provide eligible

ployees with 16 weeks of family leave and 16 weeks of medical leave during a 24-month period. However, the law does not

quire employers to specifically pay for leave under DCFMLA, except that employees may use accrued leave (i.e., sick, annual, PTO,

Fligible circumstances for family leave under DCFMLA include the birth of a child, adopting a child, or caring for a

Eligible circumstances for medical leave under DCFMLA includes recovering from a serious illness rendering the

tc.) and where applicable, for private sector, payment under the Universal Paid Leave Act, and for DC government employees,

child in foster care. Caring for a seriously ill family member is also eligible for family leave.

ave under DCFMLA may be taken in blocks of time. intermittently, and in certain circumstances, at a reduced schedule.

employee is eligible under the Act if she or he has been employed by the employer for at least 12 consecutive or non-consecutive

he District government is considered a single employer. The above eligibility requirements can be met by considering employment at

nonths in the seven years immediately preceding the start of the family or medical leave, and worked at least 1,000 hours during

he employer may require medical certification and reasonable prior notice when applicable.

Under this Act, an employee's accrued paid sick leave carries over from year to year. Employers do not have to pay employees for unused paid sick leave upon termination or resignation of employment.

employer has failed to post notice of the Act

EMPLOYEE PROTECTION Under the Act, employees who assert their rights to receive paid sick leave or provide information or assistance to help enforce the Act are protected from retaliation. **FNFORCEMENT**

The DC Department of Employment Services, Office of Wage Hour can investigate possible violations, access employer records, enforce the paid sick leave requirements, order reinstatement of employees who are terminated, as a result of asserting rights to paid sick leave, order payment of paid sick leave unlawfully withheld, and impose penalties. An employer who willfully violates the requirements of the Act shall be assessed a civil penalty in the amount of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the first offense, fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) for the second offense, and two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for the third and any subsequent offenses.

TO FILE A COMPLAINT OR FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION To request full text of the Act, to obtain a copy of the rules associated with this Act, to receive the Act translated into other languages, or to file a complaint, visit www.does.dc.gov, call the Office of Wage Hour at (202) 671-1880, or visit at 4058 Minnesota Avenue, N.E., Suite 3600, Washington, D.C. 20019. Complaints shall be filed within three (3) years after the event on which the complaint is based unless the

The employer must post and maintain this notice in a conspicuous place. An employer that willfully fails to post this notice may be

If you believe an employer has wrongfully denied you family or medical leave, or retaliated against you under this statute, you can file

or family or medical leave that began prior to November 13, 2021, an employee is eligible under the Act if she or he was employe

Marion S. Barry Jr. Building

Washington, DC 20001

Phone: (202) 727-4559

Fax: (202) 727-9589

441 4th Street NW, Suite 570 North

REV. 05/17/2024

imediately preceding the requested leave. The one year of service requirement did not need to have immediately preceded the

by the employer for at least one year without a break in service, and worked at least 1,000 hours during the 12 month period

a complaint within one year of the incident with the Office of Human Rights (OHR). To file a complaint, visit:

In-Person at 441 4th Street NW, Suite 570N, Washington, DC 20001.

MURIEL BOWSER, MAYOR

ordered to pay a fine of up to \$100 for each day the employer fails to post the notice.

Questions about the OHR process can also be answered by phone at (202) 727-4559

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Certification from Health Care Provider

Online at ohr.dc.gov; or

Marion S. Barry Jr. Building, 441 4th Street NW, Suite 570 North Washington, DC 2000⁻

ohr.dc.gov | Email: ohr@dc.gov | Phone: (202) 727-4559 | Fax: (202) 727-9589 | TTY: 711

Filing a Complaint of a Violation

Online at ohr.dc.gov; or

GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Building Service Employees Minimum Work Week Act Department of Employment Services

Title 32, Chapter 2

NOTICE OF NEW REGULATIONS

Under this Act, covered employees shall be scheduled to work the minimum work week of at least 30 hours.

What is a Building Service Employee A covered employee who performs janitorial services, building maintenance services, or other services in or around a overed location to maintain the repair, cleanliness, and overall quality of the covered location or place of business.

<u>Certain exceptions apply</u> When a covered employee is taking covered leave, the leave shall count towards the 30-hour minimum work week; provided that at each covered location, up to 20% of the work hours that are available for covered employees engaged in cleaning service may be preserved for part-time covered employees with a minimum shift of 4 hours per night and 20 hours

ered employer shall post and maintain the notice in a conspicuous place, which shall be prescribed by the Mayor and provided to each covered employer that shall include excerpts or summaries of the pertinent provisions of this Act and

per week per covered employee for up to a total of 10 part-time positions permitted per covered location.

nformation about filing of a complaint pursuant to the Act. A covered employer shall post every notice required to be posted by this act in English and all languages spoken by covered employees with limited or no-English proficiency, as defined in section 2 of the Language Access Act of 2004, effective

June 19, 2004 (D.C. Law 15-167; D.C. Official Code g 2-t931). (b) A covered employer who fails to comply with the posting requirements of this section shall be subject to the penalty set forth. (See section 8 of the Act for penaltie

A covered employer who willfully violates the posting requirements of section 5 shall be assessed a civil penalty not to

A covered employer who fails to comply with any of the requirements of this act, other than the posting requirements, shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$5,000 for each violation for each day that the violation continues. For the firs violation, a maximum fine of up to (A) \$500 will be imposed; and (B) for any subsequent violation, a maximum fine of up

If you have any questions, please contact or visit: Department of Employment Services, Office of Wage-Hour, 4058 Minnesota Avenue, SE, Suite 3600, Washington, D.C. 20019, (202) 671-1880.

4058 Minnesota Avenue, NE • Suite 3600 • Washington, D.C. 20019 • Office: 202-671-1880 • Fax: 202-673-64

NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES

nformation on Unemplovment Compensation in the District of Columbia

four employer is subject to the District of Columbia Unemployment Compensation Act which establishes a system of protecting insured workers from complete wage loss when they become unemployed through no fault of their own and are seeking new jobs. To help finance the unemployment insurance system, a tax is levied against employers — not workers. No deductions are made from your pay for this purpose. This program is administered by the District of Columbia's epartment of Employment Services if you should become unemployed or your hours are reduced, you may be entitled to receive unemployment compensation benefits. To apply for benefits, please call and make an appointment to visit one of the American Job Centers listed.

Department of Employment Services

American Job Center — Headquarte American Job Center — Northeast CCDC - BERTIE BACKUS CAMPUS 4058 MINNESOTA AVENUE, N.I Washington, DC 20019 5171 SOUTH DAKOTA AVENUE, N.E., 2ND FLOO (202) 724-2337 Washington, DC 20017 (202) 576-3092 AMERICAN JOB CENTER — NORTHWES AMERICAN JOB CENTER - SOUTHEAST FRANK D. REEVES MUNICIPAL CENTER 3720 MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. AVENUE, S.E. 2000 14th Street, N.W., 3rd Floor Washington, DC 20032 (202) 741-7747 Washington, DC 20009 AMERICAN JOB CENTERS HOURS OF OPERATION: Monday - Thursday 8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. FRIDAY 9:30 A.M. - 4:30 P.M.

> You may also apply for benefits through the Internet at www.dcnetworks.org. IMPORTANT: Employers must display this Notice To Employees prominently on the work premises. Additional copies may be furnished upon request by calling (202) 698-7550.

WASHINGTON DC

DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

REV. 02/01/2015

ime Off to Vote: Employers must post a notice, developed by the Board of Elections, explaining an employee's right to take up to two hours of paid leave for voting. This posting is updated for each election. Visit the Board of Elections website for the most recent version of the posting.

Parental Leave Act pdated: May 17, 2024

Parental Leave Act Workplace Poster Know Your Rights in the District of Columbia

Office of Human Rights

Vork Leave for Parenting Purpose he District of Columbia Parental Leave Act allows employees who are parents or quardians to take 24 hours of leave (paid or npaid) during a 12-month period to attend school-related activities. School events include but are not limited to: parent-teacher iferences, concerts, plays, rehearsals, sporting events, and other activities where the child is a participant or the subject of the vent, not a spectator he employee must notify the employer 10 days before the requested leave unless the school-related activity was not reasonably

preseeable (e.q., the child's teacher has requested an emergency parent-teacher conference). The leave can be unpaid or paid family cation, personal, compensatory or leave bank leave. he employer may deny the leave if granting the leave would disrupt the employer's business and make the achievement of oduction or service unusually difficult. efinition of Parent or Guardian n employee is considered a parent or guardian for purposes of this Act if he, she or they is:

person who acts as a quardian of a child

biological mother or father of a child;

person who has legal custody of a child

Employer Posting Requirements he employer must post and maintain this notice in a conspicuous place. An employer that willfully fails to post this notice may be ordered to pay a fine of up to \$100 for each day the employer fails to post the notice

• a person married or in a domestic partnership to a person listed above.

aunt, uncle, or grandparent of a child; or is

This document is a factsheet and quidance provided by the D.C. Office of Human Rights (OHR) regarding legislative changes made to the D.C. Human Rights Act of 1977 (DCHRA) and the Office of Human Rights Establishment Act of 1999 (HREA). This document may be used for educational purposes only and not as legal advice to apply to a particular situation. Any person or entity in need of legal advice should consult an attorney. Filing a Complaint of a Violation If you believe an employer has wrongfully denied you parental leave under this statute, you can file a complaint within one year of he incident with the Office of Human Rights (OHR). To file a complaint, visit: Questions about the OHR process can also be answered:

by phone at (202) 727-4559 Online at ohr.dc.gov; or In-Person at 441 4th Street NW, Suite 570N, Washington, DC 20001. Questions about the OHR process can also be answered by phone at (202) 727-4559

Marion S. Barry Jr. Building, 441 4th Street NW, Suite 570 North Washington, DC 20001

Employee Rights

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA DEPARTMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

EMPLOYMENT SERVICES OWH OFFICE OF WAGE HOUR

EMPLOYEE RIGHTS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:

EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025, THE MINIMUM WAGE IS \$17.95 PER HOUR,

To remain free from discrimination

To be accommodated in the workplace during pregnancy

(DOES) or the Office of Human Rights (OHR)

To remain free from employer retaliation for discussing or exercising any of these rights

To file a complaint for violation of workplace rights with the Department of Employment Services

The Office of Human Rights (OHR) was established to eradicate discrimination, increase equal opportunity,

and protect human rights for persons who live in, work, or visit the District of Columbia. To that end, OHR

File a Human Rights Claim: ohr.dc.gov/page/tipped-wage-workers-fairness-act

provides administrative relief for violations of human rights laws that occur in the District of Columbia.

Office of Human Rights Phone Number: 202-727-4559

Office of Human Rights Website: ohr.dc.gov

Office of the Attorney General website: oag.dc.gov/worker-rights

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Office of the Attorney General

Do you know your rights as an employee working in Washington, DC? Employees have the right:

- To be paid at least the minimum wage
- To be paid on time
- To receive a detailed pay stub
- To accrue and use paid sick and safe leave To request time off to attend a child's school-related activities
- To qualify for unpaid family and medical leave

To be compensated for work-related illness or injury

AND THE TIPPED MINIMUM WAGE IS \$12.00 PER HOUR. his notice does not create, expand, or limit any rights under District or Federal law, including: OFFICE OF HUMAN RIGHTS

The amount of sick and safe leave that a worker may accrue annually Current hourly minimum wage

Current hourly tipped minimum wage o learn about these workplace rights, visit the websites below. This notice does not create,

expand, or limit any rights under District or federal law.

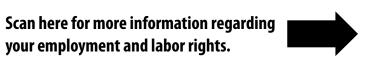
FFICE OF WAGE-HOUR

The Office of Wage-Hour conducts compliance audits and works to recover unpaid wages for employees who have not been paid pursuant to DC wage laws, either administratively or through court action. Wage-Hour compliance involves ensuring adherence to the wage laws of the District of Columbia by holding

employers accountable to the laws. **Phone Number:** 202-727-3400 Wage-Hour Phone Number: 202-671-1880

Wage-Hour Website: does.dc.gov/service/office-wage-hour-compliance-0

File a Wage-Hour Claim: does.dc.gov/page/office-wage-hour-employees Scan here for more information regarding





DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

Paid Family Leave benefits are based on the wages your employer paid to you and reported to the Department of Employer

job protections may be available under laws and regulations administered by the District's Office of Human Rights (OHR).

Under the Universal Paid Leave Act, the Office of Paid Family Leave is required to provide notice of the following:

Services. If you believe your wages were reported incorrectly, you have the right to provide proof of your correct wages. The current

The Office of Paid Family Leave does not administer any job protections for District workers who take leave from work. However, some

1. That retaliation by a covered employer against a covered employee for requesting, applying for, or using paid-leave

NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES Information on Paid Family Leave in the District of Columbia

WASHINGTON

our employer is subject to the District of Columbia's Paid Family Leave law, which provides covered employees paid time off from Repetit Amounts visit the Office of Paid Family Leave's website at dcpaidfamilyleave.dc.gov.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

DEPARTMENT OF

EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

o receive benefits under the Paid Family Leave program, you must work for a covered employer in DC. To find out if you are a covered worker, you can ask your employer or contact the Office of Paid Family Leave using the contact information below. Your employer required to tell you if you are covered by the Paid Family Leave program. Additionally, your employer is required to provide you

information about the Paid Family Leave program at these three (3) times: At the time you were hired: At least once a year; and

GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

ere are four (4) kinds of Paid Family Leave benefits: Parental leave - receive benefits to bond with a new child for up to 12 weeks in a year: Family leave - receive benefits to care for a family member for up to 12 weeks in a year;

Prenatal leave - receive benefits for prenatal medical care for up to 2 weeks in a year. Maximum Leave Entitlement Each kind of leave has its own eligibility rules and its own limit on the length of time vou can receive benefits in a vear. The maximum nount of leave for any combination of parental, family, and medical leave is 12 weeks. However, there is an exception for pregnant omen who take prenatal leave. Pregnant women are eligible for 2 weeks of prenatal leave while pregnant and 12 weeks of parental

you have experienced an event that may qualify for benefits, be sure to apply no more than 30 days after your event. You can learn

Political Affiliation

Genetic Information

If you believe a violation of the Act has occurred, you can file a complaint with the District of Columbia Office of Human Rights. The

cess is free and does not require an attorney. Damages can be awarded if it is determined that a violation of the Act did occur.

e DC Family and Medical Leave Act of 1990 requires all employers with 20 or more employees to provide up to 16 weeks of unpaid

to recover from a serious illness that left the employee unable to work for a total of 32 weeks during a 24 month period

During the period of leave, an employee should not lose benefits such as seniority or group health plan coverage. The employer may

An employee is eligible under the Act if they have been employed by the employer for at least 12 consecutive or non-consecutive

In accordance with the DC Parental Leave Act of 1994, an employee who is a parent shall be entitled to a total of 24 hours leave

nonths in the seven years immediately preceding the start of the family or medical leave, and worked at least 1,000 hours during

rual harassment and harassment based on other protected categories is prohibited by the Ac

during any 12-month period to attend or participate in school-related events for his or her child.

TWO ways to verify poster compliance!

Go to: JJKeller.com/LLPverify

Office of Paid Family Leave | 4058 Minnesota Avenue NE | Washington DC 20019

maximum weekly benefit amount is \$1.153.

benefits is prohibited:

REV. 11/2024

Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Workplace Poster

Know Your Rights in the District of Columbia

A parent is defined as the: accordance with the District of Columbia Human Rights Act of 1977, as amended, the District of Columbia and employers cannot

> Personal Appearan aunt, uncle, or grandparent of a child; or is Credit Information Sexual Orientation a person married to a person listed above. Gender Identity or Expression Family Responsibilities victim of Domest Matriculation

Violence, Sexual Offense or S

Homeless Status

the school-related event cannot be reasonably foreseen. Filing a Complaint of a Violation

If you believe an employer has wrongfully denied you family or medical leave, or retaliated against you under this statute, you can file a complaint within one year of the incident with the Office of Human Rights (OHR). To file a complaint, visit:

In-Person at 441 4th Street NW, Suite 570N, Washington, DC 20001. Ouestions about the OHR process can also be answered by phone at (202) 727-4559

Additional categories protected from discrimination but not in the area of employment include: familial status, source of income,

place of residence or business, sealed eviction record, and status as a victim of an intrafamily offense. Leave is unpaid unless the parent elects to use any paid family, vacation, personal or compensatory leave provided by the

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MURIEL BOWSER, MAYOR

REV. 05/17/2024

Phone: (202) 727-4559

For the purposes of this chapter, the term:

(A) District government; or (B) Federal government.

(1) Require, as a condition of employment, that an employee refrain from inquiring about, disclosing, comparing, or otherwise

3) Prohibit or attempt to prohibit an employee from lodging a complaint, or testifying, assisting, or participating in an investigation

Department of Employment Services

(2) "Employer" means an individual, firm, association, or corporation that employs at least one employee in the District, except that An employer shall post a notice in its workplace notifying employees of their rights under this chapter. The notice shall be posted in a

(4) "Wage history" means information related to compensation an employee has received from other or previous employment. An employer shall not:

(B) Statutory penalties equal to any administrative penalties provided by law. 3) A person to whom a subpoena authorized by this subsection has been issued shall have the opportunity to move to quash or nodify the subpoena in the Superior Court of the District of Columbia. In case of failure of a person to comply with any subpoena lawfully issued under this subsection, or on the refusal of a witness to testify to any matter regarding which he or she may be lawfull interrogated, it shall be the duty of the Superior Court of the District of Columbia, or any judge thereof, upon application by the Attorney General, to compel obedience by attachment proceedings for contempt, as in the case of disobedience of the requirement of a subpoena issued from the Court or a refusal to testify therei

Know Your Rights in the District of Columbia ccommodations for Pregnancy, Childbirth and Breastfeeding he Protecting Pregnant Workers Fairness Act (PPW) requires District of Columbia employers to provide reasonable workplace

mployer must engage in good faith and in a timely and interactive process to determine the accommodations. nplovers must make all reasonable accommodations. 1 including by not limited to: Temporarily restructuring the employee's position to More frequent or longer breaks

provide light duty or a modified work schedule;

Having the employee refrain from heavy lifting

Relocating the employee's work area; or

Providing private (non-bathroom)

Purchasing or modifying work equipment, such as rohibited Actions by Employers

Time off to recover from childbirth

strenuous or hazardous position;

Temporarily transferring the employee to a less

reastfeeding, or a related medical condition.

Refuse an accommodation unless it would cause significant hardship or expense to the business: Take adverse action against an employee for requesting an accommodation;

MURIEL BOWSER, MAYOR

Deny employment opportunities to the employee because of the request or need for an accommodation Require an employee to take leave if a reasonable accommodation can be provided; or

Office of Human Rights

Office of Human Rights

DC Family Medical Leave Act Workplace Poster

Know Your Rights in the District of Columbia

The employer may require an employee to provide certification from a health care provider indicating a reasonable ccommodations for employees whose ability to perform job duties is limited because of pregnancy, childbirth, chest/ accommodation is advisable. The certification must include: The date the accommodation became or will become medically advisable; An explanation of the medical condition and need for a reasonable accommodation; and

> The probable length of time the accommodation should be provided. iling a Complaint of a Violation lf you believe an employer has wrongfully denied you a reasonable accommodation or has discriminated against you because of your pregnancy, childbirth, need to chest/breastfeed or a related medical condition, you can file a complaint within one year with the DC Office of Human Rights (OHR). To file a complaint, visit: OHR will perform the initial mediation and investigation. If probable cause exists, administrative law judges at the Commission on Human Rights will make a final determination.

Require employees to accept an accommodation unless it's necessary for the employee to perform her job duties.

 In-Person at 441 4th Street NW, Suite 570N, Washington, DC 20001. Juestions about the OHR process can also be answered by phone at (202) 727-4559 ¹ A "reasonable accommodation" is one that does not require significant difficulty in the operation of the employer's business or significant expense for the employer, with consideration to factors such as the size of the business, its

financial resources and the nature and structure of the business.

REV. 05/17/2024

ohr.dc.gov | Email: ohr@dc.gov | Phone: (202) 727-4559 | Fax: (202) 727-9589 | TTY: 711

REV. 05/17/2024

QR CODE Scan with phone camera:

JJKeller.com/laborlaw 800-327-6868

To update your labor law posters contact

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DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

LABOR STANDARDS BUREAU **OFFICE OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION** 4058 MINNESOTA AVENUE, N.E. • WASHINGTON, DC 20019 • (202) 671-1000 • (202) 671-1929 (Fax)

Compensation. Once you have received notice from the employee, you are required to send the employee a notice of his/her

Except as provided in § 32-206, no minor under 18 years of age shall be employed, permitted, or suffered to work in, about, or in nnection with any gainful occupation, except in agricultural work, or housework, or in the distribution or sale of newspapers, as prescribed vocational rehabilitation, and various types of disability compensation, to an injured or disabled employee. n § 32-201, and except in newspaper stuffing, subject to the provisions of § 32-215, more than 6 consecutive days in any 1 week, or more You are required to obtain from the insurer identified below a supply of all required Workers' Compensation Forms, or you may download the forms and notice mentioned above at our website http://does.dc.gov.

aan 48 hours in any 1 week, or more than 8 hours in any 1 day, nor shall any minor 16 or 17 years of age be employed, permitted, or suffered work before 6:00 a.m. or after 10:00 p.m. of any day; nor shall any minor under 16 years of age be employed, permitted, or suffered to vork before 7:00 a.m. or after 7:00 p.m. of any day, except during the summer (June 1 through Labor Day) when the evening hour shall b 9:00. Every employer shall post and keep conspicuously posted in the establishment, in or about which any minor is employed, permitted, or offered to work, a printed notice, furnished by the official authorized to enforce this subchapter, setting forth the legal regulations governing

employment and hours of work of minors and occupations prohibited to minors in such establishments, and, in addition, shall keep essible in the place of employment a list of minors under 18 employed, permitted, or suffered to work, and an accurate time record showi ne hours of beginning and ending work each day. The presence of any such minor in the place of work for a longer time in the day or week han stated in the printed regulation hours shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of the provisions of this section. § 32-203. Employment dangerous or prejudicial to life prohibited; Board of Education to prohibit such

32-201. Employment of minors under 14 years of age: distribution of newspapers permitte

utside of school hours in the distribution or sale of newspapers, subject to the provisions of §§ 32-215 to 32-221.

place of employment; list of minors employed

mployment by general or special order

Except as provided in §§ 32-206 and 32-207, no minor under 14 years of age shall be employed, permitted, or suffered to work in the

trict of Columbia, in, about, or in connection with any gainful occupation, with the exemption of housework performed outside of school

urs in the home of the minor's parent or legal guardian or agricultural work performed outside of school hours in connection with the

inor's own home and directly for the minor's parent or legal guardian; provided, that minors 10 years of age and over may be employed

§ 32-202. Employment of minors under 18 years of age; hours of employment; notice to be posted in

hall have the power, jurisdiction and authority, after hearing duly held, to issue general or special orders prohibiting the employment of ch minors in any employment or at any place of employment dangerous or prejudicial to the life, health, safety, or welfare of such minors; rovided, that no such order shall permit the employment of any minor at any employment specified in §§ 32-204 through 32-206 at a lowe age than the age therein specified; provided further, that no hearing shall be necessary for the issuance of an order prohibiting employment in any occupation found by the Secretary of Labor under the authority of the Fair Labor Standards Act to be particularly hazardous for minors under 18 years of age or detrimental to their health and well-being.

No minor shall be employed, permitted, or suffered to work in any place of employment, or at any employment, dangerous or prejudicial

o the life, health, safety, or welfare of such minor. It shall be the duty of the Board of Education of the District of Columbia and the said board

§ 32-204. Employment of minors under 16 years of age in certain occupations prohibited; exception (a) No minor under 16 years of age shall be employed, permitted, or suffered to work at any of the following occupations In the operation of any machinery operated by power other than hand or foot power; or (2) In oiling, wiping, or cleaning machinery or assisting therein.

Education or the Trustees of the University 32-205. Employment of minors under 18 years of age in certain occupations prohibited No minor under 18 years of age shall be employed, permitted, or suffered to work at operating any freight or nonautomatic elevator, or i ny quarry, tunnel, or excavation.

(b) This section does not apply to any duly approved vocational education program or training under the auspices of the Board of

The Board of Education may issue a theatrical employment permit to a minor under 18 years of age permitting the minor to: Perform on the stage of a licensed theatre within the District of Columbia in a professional theatrical production; Perform in a musical or dance recital or concert; Participate in a radio or television program;

§ 32-206. Theatrical permits for minors under 18 years of age for performances and professional sports

MURIEL BOWSE

Participate in a motion picture

Appear as a fashion model; or

satisfy the requirements of this subsection.

each 3 or fewer infants under the age of 30 months.

recreation, or education.

§ 32-207. Work or vacation permit – Procurement by employer

(a) A person commits an offense under this subchapter if that person:

places of employment of minors.

The fines set forth in this section shall not be limited by § 22-3571.01.

ubchapter or by any order issued under the authority of § 32-203.

§ 32-213. Penalties

Participate in a professional sports activity or circus

of employment within a 24-hour period according to age as follows:

ours, which shall consist of not more than 20 minutes of work

An application for a theatrical permit shall be made by the parent or quardian, and by the agent if applicable, of the minor

to the Board of Education. The Board of Education may issue a theatrical employment permit if the Board is satisfied that

adequate provisions have been made for the educational instruction of the minor, for safeguarding the minor's health, and for

the proper supervision of the minor. The Board of Education may require the employer to provide the necessary resources to

A minor shall not appear in more than 2 live performances in 1 day or more than 8 live performances in 1 week. A minor shall

not appear in a live performance, or otherwise be required to work, before 7:00 a.m. or after 11:30 p.m. A licensed practical

A theatrical employment permit shall limit the time during which a minor 7 years of age or younger is permitted at the place

A minor between the ages of 6 months and 30 months may be permitted at the place of employment for a

For the purposes of this section, the term "theatrical employment permit" means an authorization to perform or appear

in any of the activities listed in subsection (a) of this section for monetary remuneration, a gift, or other form of valuable

No minor under 18 years of age shall be employed, permitted, or suffered to work in, about, or in connection with any gainful occupation,

except in agricultural work or housework as specified in § 32-201, unless the employer procures and keeps on file and accessible to any

home of the employer; provided, that such employment shall not be in connection with nor form a part of the business, trade, profession,

or occupation of the employer; and provided further, that such employment shall not be specifically prohibited by any provision of this

Each day during which a violation of this subchapter occurs shall constitute a separate offense.

ittendance officer, inspector or other person authorized to enforce this subchapter a work or vacation permit issued as hereinafter prescribed

except that minors under 18 years of age may be employed without a permit outside of school hours in irregular or casual work usual to the

An infant under the age of 6 months may be permitted to remain at the place of employment for a maximum of 2

maximum of 4 hours, which shall consist of not more than 2 hours of work, with the balance of the 4-hour period

of 6 hours, which shall consist of not more than 3 hours of work, with the balance of the 6-hour period being rest.

Employs a minor or permits a minor to work in violation of this subchapter, of any regulation promulgated by the

Interferes with the Board of Education, its officers or agents, or any other person authorized by the District to inspect

Board of Education pursuant to § 32-224, or of any order issued under the provisions of § 32-203; or

A person convicted of a 1st offense under this section shall be fined not less than \$ 1,000 nor more than \$ 3,000, or imprisoned

not less than 10 days nor more than 30 days, or both. A person convicted of a 2nd or subsequent offense under this section

shall be fined not less than \$ 3,000 nor more than \$ 5,000, or imprisoned not less than 30 days nor more than 90 days, or both.

A minor between the ages of 30 months and 7 years may be permitted at the place of employment for a maximum

nurse with substantial pediatric experience, or a registered nurse who is a pediatric nurse practitioner, shall be provided for

DR. UNIQUE MORRIS-HUGHES

D.C. Act 21-485 (Act), also known as the Building Service Employees Minimum Work Week Act of 2016.

exceed \$100 for each day that the covered employer fails to post the notice; provided, that the total penalty shall not exceed

For the complete text of the Building Service Employees Minimum Work Week Act of 2016, go to D.C. Act

If you ask your employer for leave that could qualify for benefits under the Paid Family Leave program.

Pave after giving birth, for a maximum of 14 weeks.

Applying for Benefits

pdated: May 17, 2024

Marital Status

OC Human Rights Act

criminate on the basis of (actual or perceived

C Family and Medical Leave Act

to care for a seriously ill family member.

also allows up to 16 weeks of unpaid medical leave:

DC Parental Leave Act

for the birth of a child, an adoption or foster care; or

uire medical certification and reasonable prior notice when applicable

Paid Family Leave

Medical leave - receive benefits for your own serious health condition for up to 12 weeks in a year; and

more about applying for benefits with the Office of Paid Family Leave at **dcpaidfamilyleave.dc.gov**.

That an employee who works for a covered employer with under 20 employees shall not be entitled to job protection if he or she decides to take paid leave pursuant to this act; and That employees have a right to file a complaint with OHR if they feel they have been retaliated against for requesting, applying for, or using paid leave. For more information on OHR and job protections, please visit the following web address: **ohr.dc.gov**. For more information about Paid Family Leave, please visit the Office of Paid Family Leave's website at dcpaidfamilyleave.dc.gov, call 202-899-3700, or email does.opfl@dc.gov.

Office of Human Rights

biological mother or father of a chil person who has legal custody of a child: person who acts as a guardian of a child;

> A school-related event means an activity sponsored either by a school or an associated organization. Any employee shall notify the employer of the desire to leave at least 10 calendar days prior to the event, unless the need to attend

441 4th Street NW. Suite 570 Nort Washington, DC 20001